LETTER TO EDITOR CODEN: AAJMBG

Responding to the challenge of gender inequality through an innovative approach

Received: 26th July 2019; Accepted: 27th September 2019; Published: 01st January 2020

Dear Editor:

Maintaining gender equality across the world has been acknowledged as an important goal by the international welfare agencies and the policy makers, as evidenced by its constant featuring as one of the goals in both Millennium Development Goals and Sustainable Development Goals [1-2].

In-fact, gender equality has been regarded as one of the basic human rights, an important social determinant of health and in many ways acts as an indicator of the development of a nation [2-3]. Further, due to the prevailing imbalance between the two genders accounts for poor health outcomes and reduced access to education and welfare measures to women across many settings, especially in the developing nations [1].

The critical analysis of the problem revealed that it has persisted for ages and it won't come as a surprise to many that women are extremely prone for having no education or job opportunities and are often subjected to different forms of social restrictions & violence [2-3].

Subsequently, it won't be wrong to say that the position of women in society is not at all same as men, and they have to face multiple obstacles, if they wish to develop their identity in the society [1]. By ensuring gender equality, we predominantly aim to create adequate awareness that gender should not be the determining factor for the basic rights or the opportunities available to any individual [2].

The available estimates from the Middle East region clearly indicate that minimal amount of support exists for maintaining the gender equality and there are extensive socio-cultural and political inequalities prevalent in the region [2]. Similar pattern has been reported in Azerbaijan, and a significant proportion of girls and women are subjected to gender inequality [4].

In order to deal with the problem, the United Nations Population Fund has come out with an innovative solution in collaboration with the national Ministry [4]. The girls in the nation are encouraged to pursue their interest in sports and in order to advocate the same, awareness has been created by the development of short videos [4].

Simultaneously, efforts have been taken to sensitize the youth about the various set goals, so that these youth can come forward to support the initiative and ensure the wellbeing of girls in the future [4]. Following the principle of setting an example, in accomplishing better communication to the masses, the better performing girls are selected as a role model for encouraging people from different age-groups [4]. It is quite encouraging that a large number of girls have joined this initiative and indirectly it is helping the cause of gender inequality [4].

In conclusion, the issue of gender inequality has deep roots and if we want to deal with this social problem, then we have to adopt innovative strategies to come out with a better and long-term solution.

Financial Support and sponsorship: Nil

Conflicts of interest: There are no conflicts of interest.

References

- Shrivastava SR, Shrivastava PS, Ramasamy J. Dealing with the issues of gender inequality and aiming for the empowerment of adolescent girls. *Ann Trop Med Public Health*. 2017; 10:1423-1424.
- Glas S, Spierings N, Scheepers P. Re-understanding religion and support for gender equality in Arab countries. Gend Soc. 2018; 32:686-712.
- Shrivastava SR, Shrivastava PS, Ramasamy J. Aiming to target gender barriers for improving the health and welfare standards of girls. *Ann Trop Med Public Health*. 2017; 10:527-528.
- United Nations Population Fund. Taekwondo champion fights gender inequality in Azerbaijan. 2017. Available from: http://www.unfpa.org/news/taekwondo-

champion-fights-gender-inequality-azerbaijan [cited 2019 Jul 25].

Cite this article as: Shrivastava SR & Shrivastava PS. Responding to the challenge of gender inequality through an innovative approach. *Al Ameen J Med Sci* 2020; 13(1): 58-59.

This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-Non Commercial (CC BY-NC 4.0) License, which allows others to remix, adapt and build upon this work non-commercially, as long as the author is credited and the new creations are licensed under the identical terms

Saurabh RamBihariLal Shrivastava^{1,2*} and Prateek Saurabh Shrivastava²

¹Vice Principal Curriculum, Member of the Medical Education Unit and Institute Research Council and ²Department of Community Medicine, Shri Sathya Sai Medical College & Research Institute, Sri Balaji Vidyapeeth - Deemed to be University, Ammapettai, Nellikuppam, Chengalpet Taluk, Kancheepuram District, Tamil Nadu, India

*All correspondences to: Dr. Saurabh Shrivastava, Vice-Principal Curriculum, Member of the Medical Education Unit and Institute Research Council, Department of Community Medicine, Shri Sathya Sai Medical College & Research Institute, Ammapettai Village, Thiruporur-Guduvancherry Main Road, Sembakkam Post, Kancheepuram-603108, Tamil Nadu, India. E-mail: drshrishri2008@gmail.com